

Совет Министров СССР Государственный Комитет по Чрезвычайному Положению

Государственный военно-политический орган Особого Совещания с расширенными полномочиями

№ D/N 023 February 08, 2024

Decree

on the Sovereign validity of the Legal Passport of the USSR, Sovereign borders of the USSR, invalidity of passports and false citizenship of the Russian Federation and internal Subjects of the USSR

The Great Sovereign Country - the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics represented by the State Committee for the State of Emergency in the USSR, as the Supreme State Authority of the USSR, expresses its respect and wishes for Peace and Creation to the All Great, United, Sovereign Soviet People, All Subjects of Law and the entire World Community,

Hereby Proclaims:

The Union of Soviet Socialist Republics by International Agreements (Tehran 1943), by the status of the High Sovereign title as Citizens of the USSR (Yalta Conference of 1945), through the United Nations (UN) and the Soviets of the USSR, as the Sovereign Soviet Government of the USSR, was established by International Legal Sovereign Acts centralized leadership and control over the United Sovereign Soviet People - the winner of the Second World War, in accordance with UN Resolutions A/RES/63 (I) of December 13, 1946 A/PV.62 - "Approval of trusteeship agreements" and A/RES/64 (I) December 14, 1946 A/PV.63 "Establishment of the Trusteeship



Council in the USSR", after which all bodies of Soviet power and administration of the Soviet Union Republics and Soviet Autonomous Republics of the USSR acquired the status of non-self-governing Peoples of the Union Republics, and began to act accordingly in accordance with the UN Resolution A/RES/67 (I) dated December 14, 1946 A/PV.64 "Regional Conferences of Representatives of Non-Self-Governing Territories", and persons who are Republican Citizens of the Soviet Union Republics as "Non-Self-Governing Peoples".

The State Emergency Committee of the USSR Notifies Sovereign Soviet Citizens of the direct legal effect of the Civil Passport of the USSR. Based on the Resolution of the Council of Ministers of the USSR dated August 28, 1974 No. 677 "On approval of the Regulations on the passport system in the USSR", which has legal force and direct legal effect, the Sovereign Passport of a Citizen of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics is the main document confirming USSR Citizenship and certifying personality of the Soviet Citizen. The issuance of a foreign passport to a Soviet Citizen is not provided for by the Sovereign Soviet Law and the passport system of the USSR. Under the influence of criminal and deceitful propaganda of the mass media, various criminal structures, Citizens received false information about the deprivation of the Great, United, Multinational, Sovereign Soviet People of the Great Sovereign Country - the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics of the status of a Sovereign Citizen of the USSR for

false - citizenship of criminal, separatist, predatory, commercial corporations Republic of Russian Federation, Azerbaijan, Republic of Armenia, Republic of Belarus, Republic of Georgia, Republic of Kazakhstan, Kyrgyz Republic, Republic of Latvia, Republic of Lithuania, Republic of Moldova, Republic of Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Republic of Uzbekistan, Ukraine, Estonian Republic.

Pseudo-citizenship of created private, criminal corporations carrying out commercial activities on the Sovereign Territory of the Great Country - the Sovereign of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics without confirmed Rights to the Earth, could not arise, but only a register of the population could exist.



Employees of commercial structures, legal entities performing the function of "state" bodies throughout the Sovereign Territory of the Great Sovereign Country - the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, in legal relations with the Soviet Citizen, do not have the right to verify compliance with the requirements established by the regulatory legal acts of the executive authorities of the USSR and the RSFSR.

Sovereign Citizens of the USSR and their descendants in a direct descending line are required to receive a Legitimate Sovereign Civil Passport of the USSR, a Military ID of the USSR and other Soviet documents, as well as Certificates of Birth in the USSR, which are valid and legal Sovereign documents throughout the Sovereign Territory of the Great Sovereign Country - Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, unless otherwise established by Soviet authorities.

In violation of the Constitution (Basic Law) of the USSR dated October 7, 1977, the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the RSFSR, relying on Art. 31 of the Constitution (Basic Law) of the RSFSR dated 04/12/1978 sends the draft Law of the RSFSR "On Citizenship of the RSFSR" to the Commissions of the Chambers and Committees of the Supreme Council of the RSFSR, having signed Resolution of the Presidium of the Supreme Council of the RSFSR dated 16.09.1991 No. 1649-1 "On the draft Law of the RSFSR "On citizenship of the RSFSR." But subsequently, the draft Law of the RSFSR "On Citizenship of the RSFSR" was not adopted in the second reading in accordance with Article 78 of the Regulations of the Supreme Council of the RSFSR dated October 24, 1990 No. 261-1 (there is no corresponding Resolution of the Supreme Council of the RSFSR "On the implementation of the Law of the RSFSR "On Citizenship" RSFSR") after being adopted in the first reading and sent for revision by Resolution of the Supreme Council of the RSFSR dated November 15, 1991 No. 1878-1 "On further work on the draft Law of the RSFSR "On Citizenship of the RSFSR". Thus, there were no citizens of the RSFSR, since Article 31 of the Constitution (Basic Law) of the RSFSR dated April 12, 1978 (as amended on December 15, 1990) could not be implemented by virtue of Article 33 of the Constitution (Basic Law) of the USSR dated October 7, 1977 year, and



therefore there is no approved form for a passport of a citizen of the RSFSR, an insert or a stamp in the Passport of a Citizen of the USSR indicating the presence of dual Citizenship of the USSR and the RSFSR.

The renaming of the Russian Soviet Federative Socialist Republic into the Russian Federation entailed the loss of all powers of the President of the RSFSR, because it was necessary to elect anew for the post of President of the Russian Federation, but there was no Law of the Russian Federation on the President of the Russian Federation, and therefore this post did not exist and does not exist, and was not established.

According to clause 1 of the RSFSR Law of December 25, 1991 No. 2094-I "On changing the name of the state of the Russian Soviet Federative Socialist Republic", the RSFSR was renamed to the "Russian Federation (Russia)", but later a different name was used: "Russian Federation - Russia" (part 1 of article 1 of the Draft Constitution of the Russian Federation of December 12, 1993 or clause 1 of the Law of the Russian Federation of April 21, 1992 No. 2708-I "On amendments and additions to the Constitution (Basic Law) of the Russian Soviet Federative Socialist Republic"). On December 26, 1991, Chairman of the Constitutional Court of the RSFSR Valery Dmitrievich Zorkin stated that the decision of the Russian parliament to change the official name of the Republic does not comply with Constitutional norms, since only the Congress of People's Deputies of the RSFSR could make such a decision, since changing the name of the Republic entailed amendments to the Constitution of the RSFSR 1978 (Basic Law), which was published in the Rossiyskaya Gazeta dated December 31, 1991, No. 290 (336).

As a result of the renaming of the RSFSR, the Declaration of the Council of People's Deputies of the RSFSR dated June 12, 1990 No. 22-I "On the state sovereignty of the Russian Soviet Federative Socialist Republic" should also be renamed, but it still rightfully proclaims the Sovereignty of the RSFSR as part of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics. Consequently, the former trading company of the Russian Federation does not have a Declaration of Sovereignty as the basis for



sovereignty, and such Declarations of Sovereignty cannot be valid without the Will of the People, the holding of a referendum by an authorized body, or the transfer of rights through a power of attorney.

The State Emergency Committee of the USSR Notifies, informs all interested parties and Approves by this Sovereign Decree that as a result of the coup detat in the RSFSR, the rebels immediately accepted simultaneously two fictitious laws on citizenship: Law of the Russian Federation of November 28, 1991 No. 1948-1 "On Citizenship of the Russian Federation", which did not receive proper publication on the grounds that it was published in an improperly forged and falsified version under the current structure of the State Administration of the USSR and The Sovereign Constitution of the USSR (Fundamental Law of 1977) and the Law of the RSFSR of November 28, 1991 No. 1948-I "On Citizenship of the RSFSR" - were not published and were not put into force and legal effect, but were changed to the law of the trading company "Russian Federation - Russia", thereby the same law on citizenship No. 1948 is interpreted as two different acts, of two jurisdictions, the RSFSR and the Russian Federation, as acting simultaneously (according to the personal conviction of the fraudulent judicial system), criminally convincing the population of the USSR that, according to the law on citizenship of the RSFSR, they are citizens of a trading company of the Russian Federation.

All USSR Citizens using passports of the former trading company "Russian Federation - Russia", and now State Cooperative Enterprise "Russian Federation - Russia", According to the private federal law of May 31, 2002 No. 62-FZ "On Citizenship of the Russian Federation", there is no provision and there is no provision for obtaining citizenship of the trading company "Russian Federation - Russia". Passports of the "Russian Federation" are internal documents that are issued by a non-governmental commercial institution for identification purposes.

Order of the legal entity "Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia" dated September 28, 2023 No. 726 ("On determining the procedure for establishing the fact of issuing a passport....") of the former trading



company "Russian Federation - Russia" is invalid, inapplicable and ineffective, as it has not received State registration and not received proper publication in the official press. The procedure for establishing the fact of registration of a pseudo-passport as a travel (veterinary form) of a citizen of the "Russian Federation", proving his identity on the territory of the continental shelf, on the basis of forged, forged or invalid documents, or knowingly false information according to private corporate instructions and organization of work of the commercial organization "Internal Affairs Bodies of the Russian Federation", approved by the corporate order of the legal entity "Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia" dated May 28, 1992 No. 183 and violations officials of the fictitious government of the Russian Federation of December 9, 1992 No. 950 "On temporary documents certifying citizenship of the Russian Federation", corporate order of the "Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia" dated June 30, 1994 No. 330 "On the organization of the work of the Department of Internal Affairs of the Russian Federation" (together with instructions). Decree of the Government of the Russian Federation dated July 8, 1997 No. 828 "On approval of the regulations on the passport of a citizen of the Russian Federation", a sample form and description of a passport of a citizen of the Russian Federation, is inapplicable, which in turn requires Sovereign Citizens of the USSR to filing lawsuits and statements of crime requiring the prosecution of substitute officials of the "Russian Federation" for official forgery, illegal seizure of USSR Passports, and fraudulent actions in the alleged acquisition, establishment and recognition of Sovereign Citizens of the USSR as having citizenship of the Russian Federation.

All private acts of the Russian Federation cannot be applied by Citizens of the USSR on the Territory of the RSFSR / USSR (including those who are holders of a passport of a citizen of the Russian Federation), otherwise Art. 64 of the Criminal Code of the RSFSR dated October 27, 1960.

The State Emergency Committee of the USSR, by this Sovereign Decree, proceeds from the fact that in the Great Sovereign Country - the



Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the USSR Law of May 23, 1990 No. 1518-1 "On Citizenship of the USSR" remains valid and normative - state number No. C199000324 of May 23, 1990, and Resolution of the Central Executive Committee of the USSR and the Council of People's Commissars of the USSR dated December 15, 1926 "On the simplified procedure for acquiring Union Citizenship and the procedure for withdrawing from Union Citizenship" as valid and normative in the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, state number No. - S192600116 dated 15.12.1926, and transfer citizenship, prohibited by International Law, which is illegally used by officials holding positions who fictitiously endowed Sovereign Citizens of the USSR with falsified citizenship of the RSFSR (1991) and subsequently illegally renamed as citizens of the Russian Federation, is absent and has not been accepted.

Travel passports of the former trading company "Russian Federation - Russia" are issued on the basis of forged, falsified, unpublished and not subject to application of private federal laws, acts. orders and regulations when purchasing a souvenir passport under private federal law No. 62-FZ of May 31. 2002, No. 138-FZ dated April 28, 2023 "On Citizenship of the Russian Federation" does not indicate or confirm the existence and acceptance of false pseudo-citizenship. Obtaining such a passport is an illegal act, a certificate of acquisition of false pseudo-citizenship, which indicates a violation of Human Rights and the use of transfer citizenship prohibited by International Law, in order to illegally conduct and certify the presence and existence of persons allegedly belonging to it, for the purpose of illegal enrichment from the turnover of Civil Status Acts as securities and bonds on the financial exchange and in the global financial system for the extraction of profit and income of the trading company "Russian Federation -Russia", its International terrorist financial institutions, which, on the basis of the Decree of the State Emergency Committee of the USSR No. SUR 04 of March 31. 2023 are considered canceled and falsified by financial institutions, subject to recognition of the criminal seizure of power in the Great Sovereign Country of the Union of Soviet Socialist



Republics by a foreign criminal group of persons in the "Russian Federation".

Issued souvenir passports of the "Russian Federation", on the orders of the legal entity "Ministry of Justice", as a flexible travel card, using a false Birth Certificate in the "Russian Federation" or other statutory jurisdiction, as issued to a fictitious person, after which the turnover of the former trading company "Russian Federation - Russia" and other persons and subjects of financial circulation of funds (currency) through a personal treasury account are an international financial terrorist act and a crime falling under the system of rules 305 of the Swiss Criminal Code and the verdict of the Military Tribunal of the USSR, the Supreme Court of the USSR, administering justice according to the Sovereign Laws of Wartime of the USSR.

The activities of the "Russian Federation", guardians, trustees and holders of passports of the Russian Federation are recognized as obviously illegal, indicate a false and fictitious issue of money, are recognized as criminal circulation of Civil Status Acts and their value as junk securities and bonds on the stock exchange and in the global banking and financial system, thereby placing the above-mentioned guardians and trustees in the position of exposed International financial terrorists, criminal and war criminals or as outlaws, which puts them in the position of declared outlaws, nullified, criminal terrorist financial groups that bear Criminal responsibility under the International and Soviet Emergency Wartime Legislation on the proposal of the competent authorities of the USSR: the State People's Commissariat of Justice and the Resolution of the Main Political Directorate of the Great Sovereign Country - the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics to the Sovereign Soviet Court at the Meetings of the Special Meeting of the Special Presence of the Military Tribunal of the USSR, the Supreme Court of the USSR, administering justice for The Sovereign Laws of Wartime of the USSR, according to its Sovereign Sentences, Decisions, Decrees, Determinations and Acts, which are final, are not subject to appeal or appeal, with the direct participation of the



restored and established on the basis of the Resolution of the Presidium of the Military People's Council of the USSR dated January 13, 2020 on declaration of martial law throughout the Sovereign Territory of the USSR, Resolution of the State Emergency Committee of the USSR No. SUR 01 of March 30, 2023, Sovereign Legal Act of the State Emergency Committee of the USSR D/N 009 of July 25, 2023, Decree of the State Emergency Committee of the USSR D/N 016 of December 5, 2023, restored on the basis of Decree of the State Emergency Committee of the USSR D/N 017 dated December 29, 202 of the Main Directorate of Counterintelligence of the USSR State Defense Committee "SMERSH".

Putin Vladimir Vladimirovich, removed from his position as Acting President of the State Cooperative Enterprise of the Russian Federation - Russia like a person filling the position of the selfappointed President of the former trading company "Russian Federation - Russia", currently the State Cooperative Enterprise Russian Federation - Russia, violated the provisions of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights adopted by the UN General Assembly on December 10, 1948 in relation to the internationally recognized institution of citizenship, having issued the falsified "Decree of the President of the Russian Federation dated September 18, 2023 No. 695 "On the presentation of information contained in identification documents of a citizen of the Russian Federation using information technology" so that the 78th session of the General Assembly of the United Nations could adopt a Resolution, condemning the Russian Federation for violating Human rights, which in turn stated that it only certifies the refusal of a Person and a Citizen of the USSR from their civil Rights and political freedoms, exists on the Sovereign territory of the USSR as a "digital personality", an avatar and property of real rights, where documents certifying, using information technology, the identity of an insignificant citizen of the "Russian Federation" are passports of devices, equipment, products and consumer goods.

An insignificant decree of the fraudulent president of the "Russian Federation" dated December 21, 2016 No. 699 "On approval of



the regulations on the Ministry of Internal Affairs of the Russian Federation and the standard regulations..." is not created and is recognized by the State Emergency Committee of the USSR as a non-state, institution carrying out fraudulent entrepreneurial falsified commercial internal statutory activities in the "Russian Federation", as not having Sovereign Mandates of the USSR, licenses, powers and powers to act and represent as a State body, and is also recognized as having committed a criminal offense, for discrediting, for creating threats to National Security in the Sovereign Territory of the USSR, for extremist and terrorist activities, for crimes against the Sovereign State, for forgery of documents, for public calls for action against the territorial integrity of the Great Sovereign Country - the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, for participation in a prohibited foreign and international terrorist organization, for public calls for extremism, for encroaching on the life of a government employee of the USSR or the People's Commissar of the USSR, for organizing an armed rebellion with the goal of forcibly changing the Sovereign Constitutional system in the USSR, for sabotage activities and the organization of a sabotage community, for participation in military operations against Soviet power on the Sovereign Territory of the USSR.

Each act of using the mobile application of the "State Services" portal instead of a road ticket like a passport of the "Russian Federation" or other identification documents will be recognized as a confirmed established criminal fact and evidence of a violation of Human Rights and is the basis for bringing to the verdict the board of the Special Meeting of the Special Presence of the Military Tribunal as for committing a war crime directed against their own Sovereign People - the winner, throughout the Sovereign Territory of the USSR according to the Emergency Laws of the USSR in Wartime, all involved officials, employees and substitutes of private federal bodies and other persons of the "Russian Federation".

Thus, all documents and transactions made with the indication of the passport of the "Russian Federation" become obviously invalid if



they are not executed using the Civil Passport of the USSR, and all responsibility for such transactions and actions of the Citizen passes to the "Russian Federation", which refuses to return (issue) passport to a Citizen of the USSR and did not transfer the surrendered and canceled USSR Passports to the Soviet special, extraordinary, competent authorities as Sovereign Soviet property. Passport and visa form of the "Russian Federation" is not a duplicate of the Sovereign Civil Passport of the USSR, but is considered an identity document issued by a nonstate institution, in which the signatures of the Citizen upon receipt were made under duress, the signature was made as a cancellation of the signature, or the passport was received in exchange for a signature. which is the basis for criminal prosecution of the official (group persons) who issued a passport and visa form as a committed International, State and War Crime against the Great Sovereign Country of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and Freeborn Citizens of the USSR, and its owner of such a passport and visa form of the "Russian Federation" is, by the fact of the received travel passport form, as having a residence permit in the USSR, who is subject to deportation from the Territory of the USSR by the verdict of the Military Tribunal or without reservations and conditions, recognizes and respects the Rights of Sovereign Freeborn Citizens of the USSR, bears responsibilities, as well as duties under the Sovereign Soviet Laws on the Sovereign Territory of the USSR.

Pseudo-passports according to International Law are not required to contain notes on the registration of the owner at the place of location (stay). Registration carried out in the "Russian Federation" at the place of location (stay) is void and invalid, since it is carried out on a commercial basis by a non-state institution, to fictitious or non-existent postal addresses in the USSR or to addresses that existed in liquidated Subjects and entities that ceased to exist in period from 1991 to the present.

The State Emergency Committee of the USSR Notifies and Notifies that with the recognition of a false fraudulent legal fact, all falsified registers and records of fictitious Russian citizenship maintained by



the liquidated private "Federal Migration Service of the Russian Federation" were canceled and nullified when drawing up the liquidation Act (balance sheet), without indicating the legal a person of the "Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia" or another person as a legal successor and successor to the unconditional transfer of the Legal Passport System of the USSR.

The State Emergency Committee of the USSR recognizes only registration at the place of stay (location) as legal for travel passports of the "Russian Federation" and residence permits. A sovereign citizen of the USSR is required to have a residence permit. The responsibility for registration accounting for a special transition period was transferred to the Sovereign Citizen of the USSR, who is obliged to issue Soviet address register records, open a house register and carry out their Soviet registration records, with the resumption of legally operating passport offices at the Executive Committees of the Soviets of People's Deputies, as a military-civil administration, with military commandant's office of a military unit, a military garrison under the command of the Sovereign People's Border Commissar of the USSR, a certain military district. For those who have lost their genomic identity with a Human or have a synthetic non-human, artificial nature, who lack and extinguish the Rights of Human and Citizen of the USSR, the socalled citizens of the "Russian Federation", register them at the place of temporary stay (location) in the Sovereign Territory of the USSR. where the address Forms of departure both for the continental shelf and arrival must be carried out for registration at the Soviet address. The house book must be issued to the Soviet registration address both on land and the Sovereign continent according to Russian Law, and to the reserve index in the USSR for State registration in the Land and Cord Book of the USSR, where the owner of the house, real estate and Land must be indicated as a Sovereign Citizen of the USSR as Trustee and Manager of the Real Estate and Sovereign Soviet Land.

This Decree has the Status of an Absolute Sovereign Legal Legislative Act and is subject to full, mandatory execution throughout



the entire Sovereign territory of the Great Sovereign Country - the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and throughout the entire World.

In the event that any Subject of Law and any Subject ignores this Decree of the State Committee for the State of Emergency of the USSR, as the highest State Authority of the Great Sovereign Country - the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, this Subject of Law is recognized as criminal, belongs to the category of separatists and International terrorists.

This Decree comes into Legal Force from the moment of its signing.

Chairman of the Presidium CPC USSR and State Defense Committee General Secretary Chairman of the Presidium CEC of the USSR

Army - General

B. Satushiev

I. Gorbacheva

Commissar of the State Emergency Committee of the USSR
Lieutenant - General A. Chernomorov

Secretaries of the State Emergency Committee of the USSR

Major - General



